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ATTORNEY FOR ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
**(HON. BARRY T. MOSKOWITZ)**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

vs.

ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL,

Defendant.

) Case No. 08-CR- 1910-BTM  
)  
) NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTIONS  
) TO:  
) 1) COMPEL DISCOVERY/PRESERVE  
) EVIDNCE;  
) 2) JOINDER WITH MOTIONS OF  
) CODEFENDANT;  
) 3) GRANT LEAVE TO FILE  
) FURTHER MOTIONS  
)  
) Date: July 25, 2008  
) Time: 1:30 p.m.  
) Judge: Hon. Barry T. Moskowitz

TO: HONORABLE BARRY T MOSKOWITZ, U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE,

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA; U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, U.S.

ATTORNEY KAREN HEWITT, ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY PAUL STARITA:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on July 25, 2008, at 1:30 p.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, Defendant Rosendo Flores-Bernal, by and through his attorney, Jack J. Boltax, will ask this Court to enter an order granting the following motions.

**MOTIONS**

Defendant Rosendo Flores-Bernal, by and through is attorney, Jack J. Boltax, moves this Court pursuant to the United States Constitution, the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, and all other applicable statutes, case law, and local rules for an order to:

- 1 1) Compel Discovery/Preserve Evidence;
- 2 2) Joinder with Motions of Co-Defendant; and
- 3 3) Grant Leave to File Further Motions.

4 These motions are based upon the instant motions and notices of motions, the attached statement  
5 of facts and memorandum of points and authorities, the files and records in the above-captioned matter,  
6 and any and all materials that may come to this Court's attention prior to or during the hearings of these  
7 motions.

8 Date: July 7, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

9  
10 /s Jack J. Boltax  
11 JACK J. BOLTAX  
12 Attorney for Defendant  
13 ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL  
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ATTORNEY FOR ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
**(HON. BARRY T. MOSKOWITZ)**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	)	Case No. 08-CR- 1910-BTM
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	STATEMENT OF FACTS AND
	)	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND
vs.	)	AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF
	)	MOTIONS
ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL,	)	
	)	Date: July 25, 2008
Defendant.	)	Time: 1:30 p.m.
	)	Judge: Hon. Barry T. Moskowitz
	)	
	)	
	)	
	)	
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**I.**

**STATEMENT OF ALLEGED FACTS**

The following Statement of Alleged Facts is based on factual allegations as contained the Statement of Facts attached the underlying complaint (Mag. Case No. 08MJ8480) in the case at bar.

On May 24, 2008 at 8:40 a.m., U.S. Border Patrol Agents received information that a vehicle crossed the U.S./Mexico Border west of the Calexico Port of Entry. Agents subsequently located a pickup driving through the desert in an area frequented by smugglers, heading northbound from the border area. Customs and Border Protection Pilots R. Rhoden and B. Baker began surveilling and following this vehicle when it reached highway 98. A check on the vehicle's registration showed it had no current owner.

1 The vehicle began traveling at a “high rate of speed.” CBP agents J. Vera and J. Benavides  
2 began following this vehicle in their unmarked car. They observed the vehicle run through several  
3 stop signs and red lights.

4 The vehicle eventually reached the outskirts of Brawley. Brawley Police began following  
5 the vehicle. The vehicle eventually came to a stop at Brawley Airport. Mr. Rosendo-Flores and  
6 codefendant Gonzalez ran from the vehicle. They were quickly apprehended by agents Vera and  
7 Benavides. The other occupants of the vehicle were identified as undocumented Mexican nationals.  
8 All were taken to the El Centro Border Patrol Station.

9 Agents subsequently identified Mr. Flores-Bernal as the driver of the vehicle and the  
10 codefendant as the front seat passenger.

11 Material witness Monserrat Corona-Morales and Mario Jose Corno-Morales admitted to  
12 being in the U.S. illegally. They identified Mr. Flores-Bernal as the driver of the loaded vehicle they  
13 were smuggled in. Codefendant Gonzalez was identified as giving Mr. Flores-Bernal directions on  
14 how to drive and yelling at him to keep going and not stop during their transport.

15 Mr. Flores-Bernal was Mirandized and interviewed with Custom Border Patrol Agents.  
16 Flores admitted to making arrangements for being smuggled into the U.S. He did not have the  
17 money to pay the smuggler. In lieu of payment, he arranged to drive the load vehicle.

18 Codefendant Gonzalez was also Mirandized and interviewed by Customs and Border Patrol  
19 Agents. He admitted to helping Mr. Flores-Bernal smuggle the undocumented Mexican nationals  
20 into the U.S.

## 21 II.

### 22 **MOTION TO COMPEL DISCOVERY AND PRESERVE EVIDENCE**

23 Mr. Rosendo Flores-Bernal, by and through his attorney, Jack J. Boltax, moves for the  
24 production by the government of the following discovery and for the preservation of evidence. This  
25 request is not limited to those items about which the prosecutor knows, but includes all discovery  
26 listed below that is in the custody, control, care, or knowledge of any government agency. See  
27 generally Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S. 419 (1995); United States v. Bryan, 868 F.2d 1032 (9th Cir.  
28 1989).

1        1. The Defendant's Statements. The Government must disclose to Mr. Flores-Bernal all  
 2 copies of any written or recorded statements made by him; the substance of any statements he made  
 3 which the Government intends to offer in evidence at trial; any response by him to interrogation; the  
 4 substance of any oral statements which the Government intends to introduce at trial and any written  
 5 summaries of his oral statements contained in the handwritten notes of the Government agent; any  
 6 response to any Miranda warnings which may have been given to him; and any other statements by  
 7 him. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(A) and (B). The Advisory Committee Notes and the 1991  
 8 amendments to Rule 16 make clear that the Government must reveal all the defendant's statements,  
 9 whether  
 10 oral or written, regardless of whether the government intends to make any use of those statements.

11        2. Arrest Reports, Notes and Dispatch Tapes. The defense also specifically requests that all  
 12 arrest reports, notes and dispatch or any other tapes that relate to the circumstances surrounding his  
 13 arrest or any questioning, if such reports have not already been produced in their entirety, be turned  
 14 over to him. This request includes, but is not limited to, any rough notes, records, reports,  
 15 transcripts or other documents in which statements of Mr. Flores-Bernal or the codefendant or any  
 16 other discoverable material is contained. This is all discoverable under Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(A)  
 17 and (B) and Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963). See also Loux v. United States, 389 F.2d 911  
 18 (9th Cir. 1968). Arrest reports, investigator's notes, memos from arresting officers, dispatch tapes,  
 19 sworn statements, and prosecution reports pertaining to the defendant are available under Fed. R.  
 20 Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(A) and (B), Fed. R. Crim. P. 26.2 and 12(I). Preservation of rough notes is  
 21 requested, whether or not the government deems them discoverable. This request includes but is not  
 22 limited to any and all written and/or recorded statements of material witnesses, Mario Jose Corona-  
 23 Morles, Monserrat Corona-Morales, and/or Berencia Cabrera-Guerrero.

24        3. Brady Material. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests all documents, statements, agents' reports, and  
 25 tangible evidence favorable to the defendant on the issue of guilt and/or which affects the credibility  
 26 of the government's case. Impeachment and exculpatory evidence both fall within Brady's definition  
 27 of evidence favorable to the accused. United States v. Bagley, 473 U.S. 667 (1985); United States v.  
 28 Agurs, 427 U.S. 97(1976).

1        4. Any Information That May Result in a Lower Sentence. As discussed above, any  
 2 information which may result in a more favorable sentence must also be disclosed pursuant to Brady  
 3 v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963). The Government must disclose any cooperation or attempted  
 4 cooperation by the defendant, as well as any information that could affect any base offense level or  
 5 specific offense characteristic under Chapter Two of the Guidelines. Also included in this request is  
 6 any information relevant to a Chapter Three adjustment, a determination of Mr. Flores-Bernal's  
 7 criminal history, or any other application of the Guidelines.

8        5. The Defendant's Prior Record. Evidence of a prior record is available under Fed. R. Crim.  
 9 P. 16(a)(1)(D). Counsel specifically requests a complete copy of any criminal record.

10        6. Any Proposed 404(b) Evidence. Evidence of prior similar acts is discoverable under Fed.  
 11 R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(D) and Fed. R. Evid. 404(b) and 609. In addition, under Fed. R. Evid. 404(b),  
 12 "upon request of the accused, the prosecution ... shall provide reasonable notice in advance of trial  
 13 ... of the general nature..." of any evidence the government proposes to introduce under Fed. R.  
 14 Evid. 404(b) at trial. Sufficient notice requires the government to "articulate precisely the evidential  
 15 hypothesis by which a fact of consequence may be inferred from the other acts evidence." United  
 16 States v. Mehrmanesh, 689 F.2d 822, 830 (9th Cir. 1982) (emphasis added; internal citations  
 17 omitted); see also United States v. Brooke, 4 F.3d 1480, 1483 (9th Cir. 1993) (reaffirming  
 18 Mehrmanesh and reversing convictions).

19        This includes any "TECS" records (records of prior border crossings) that the Government  
 20 intends to introduce at trial, whether in its case-in-chief, impeachment, or rebuttal. Although there is  
 21 nothing intrinsically improper about prior border crossings, they are nonetheless subject to 404(b),  
 22 as they are "other acts" evidence that the government must produce before trial. United States v.  
 23 Vega, 188 F.3d 1150, 1154-1155 (9th Cir. 1999).

24        Mr. Flores-Bernal requests that such notice be given three weeks before trial to give the  
 25 defense time to adequately investigate and prepare for trial.

26        7. Evidence Seized. Evidence seized as a result of any search, either warrantless or with a  
 27 warrant, is discoverable under Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(E).

28        8. Request for Preservation of Evidence. The defense specifically requests that all dispatch

1 tapes or any other physical evidence that may be destroyed, lost, or otherwise put out of the  
2 possession, custody, or care of the government and which relate to the arrest or the events leading to  
3 the arrest in this case be preserved. This request includes, but is not limited to the results of any  
4 fingerprint analysis, the vehicle involved in the case, Mr. Flores-Bernal's personal effects, the  
5 codefendant's personal effects, and any evidence seized from Mr. Flores-Bernal, the codefendant, or  
6 any third party. This request also includes any material or percipient witnesses who might be  
7 deported or otherwise likely to become unavailable (e.g. undocumented aliens and transients).

8 It is requested that the prosecutor be ordered to question all the agencies and individuals  
9 involved in the prosecution and investigation of this case to determine if such evidence exists, and if  
10 it does exist, to inform those parties to preserve any such evidence.

11 9. Henthorn Material. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests that the Assistant United States Attorney  
12 ("AUSA") assigned to this case oversee (not personally conduct) a review of all personnel files of  
13 each agent involved in the present case for impeachment material. See Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S.  
14 437, 438 (1995) (holding that "the individual prosecutor has a duty to learn of any favorable  
15 evidence known to the others acting on the government's behalf in the case, including the police");  
16 United States v. Henthorn, 931 F.2d 29 (9th Cir. 1991). This request includes, but is not limited to,  
17 any complaints filed (by a member of the public, by another agent, or any other person) against the  
18 agent, whether or not the investigating authority has taken any action, as well as any matter for  
19 which a disciplinary review was undertaken, whether or not any disciplinary action was ultimately  
20 recommended. Mr. Flores-Bernal further requests production of any such information at least one  
21 week prior to the motion hearing and two weeks prior to trial. If the prosecutor is uncertain whether  
22 certain information should be disclosed pursuant to this request, this information should be produced  
23 to the Court in advance of the motion hearing and the trial for an in camera inspection.

24 10. Tangible Objects. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests the opportunity to inspect, copy, and test,  
25 as necessary, all other documents and tangible objects, including photographs, books, papers,  
26 documents, telephone/cell phones and records thereof, fingerprint analyses, vehicles, or copies of  
27 portions thereof, which are material to the defense or intended for use in the government's case-in-  
28 chief or were obtained from or belong to the defendant. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(E). Specifically,

1 the defendant requests copies of all photographs in the government's possession of the alleged  
2 narcotics and the vehicle in which the narcotics were found.

3 11. Expert Witnesses. The defense requests the name, qualifications, and a written summary  
4 of the testimony of any person that the government intends to call as an expert witness during its  
5 case in chief. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(G). This summary should include a description of the  
6 witness' opinion(s), as well as the bases and the reasons for the opinion(s). See United States v.  
7 Duvall, 272 F.3d 825 (7th Cir. 2001) (finding that government's written expert notice did not  
8 adequately summarize or describe police detective's testimony in drug prosecution where notice  
9 provided only a list of the general subject matters to be covered and failed to identify what opinion  
10 the expert would offer on those subjects). This request includes, but is not limited to, disclosure of  
11 the qualifications of any government witness who will testify that he understands and/or speaks  
12 Spanish, French or any other foreign language that may have been used during the course of an  
13 interview with the defendant or any other witness.

14 The defense requests the notice of expert testimony be provided at a minimum of three weeks  
15 prior to trial so that the defense can properly prepare to address and respond to this testimony,  
16 including obtaining its own expert and/or investigating the opinions, credentials of the government's  
17 expert and obtain a hearing in advance of trial to determine the admissibility of qualifications of any  
18 expert. See Kumho v. Carmichael Tire Co., 526 U.S. 137, 119 S.Ct. 1167, 1176 (1999) (trial judge is  
19 "gatekeeper" and must determine, reliability and relevancy of expert testimony and such  
20 determinations may require "special briefing or other proceedings").

21 12. Impeachment Evidence. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests any evidence that any prospective  
22 government witness has engaged in any criminal act whether or not resulting in a conviction and  
23 whether any witness has made a statement favorable to the defendant. See Fed. R. Evid. 608, 609  
24 and 613. Such evidence is discoverable under Brady v. Maryland. See United States v. Strifler, 851  
25 F.2d 1197 (9th Cir. 1988) (witness' prior record); Thomas v. United States, 343 F.2d 49 (9th Cir.  
26 1965) (evidence that detracts from a witness' credibility).

27 13. Evidence of Criminal Investigation of Any Government Witness. The defense requests  
28 any evidence that any prospective witness is under investigation by federal, state or local authorities



1 for any criminal conduct. United States v. Chitty, 760 F.2d 425 (2d Cir. 1985).

2 14. Evidence of Bias or Motive to Lie. The defense requests any evidence that any  
3 prospective government witness is biased or prejudiced against the defendant, or has a motive to  
4 falsify or distort his or her testimony. Pennsylvania v. Ritchie, 480 U.S. 39 (1987); United States v.  
5 Strifler, 851 F.2d 1197 (9th Cir. 1988).

6 15. Evidence Affecting Perception, Recollection, Ability to Communicate, or Veracity. Mr.  
7 Flores-Bernal requests any evidence, including any medical or psychiatric report or evaluation,  
8 tending to show that any prospective witness's ability to perceive, remember, communicate, or tell  
9 the truth is impaired; and any evidence that a witness has ever used narcotics or other controlled  
10 substance, or has ever been an alcoholic. United States v. Strifler, 851 F.2d 1197 (9th Cir. 1988);  
11 Chavis v. North Carolina, 637 F.2d 213, 224 (4th Cir. 1980).

12 16. Witness Addresses. The defense requests the name and last known address of each  
13 prospective government witness. See United States v. Napue, 834 F.2d 1311 (7th Cir. 1987); United  
14 States v. Tucker, 716 F.2d 576 (9th Cir. 1983) (failure to interview government witnesses by counsel  
15 is ineffective); United States v. Cook, 608 F.2d 1175, 1181 (9th Cir. 1979) (defense has equal right  
16 to talk to witnesses). Mr. Flores-Bernal also requests the name and last known address of every  
17 witness to the crime or crimes charged (or any of the overt acts committed in furtherance thereof)  
18 who will not be called as a government witness. United States v. Cadet, 727 F.2d 1453 (9th Cir.  
19 1984).

20 17. Name of Witnesses Favorable to the Defendant. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests the name of  
21 any witness who made any arguably favorable statement concerning the defendant or who could not  
22 identify him or who was unsure of his identity, or participation in the crime charged. Jackson v.  
23 Wainwright, 390 F.2d 288 (5th Cir. 1968); Chavis v. North Carolina, 637 F.2d 213, 223 (4th Cir.  
24 1980); Jones v. Jago, 575 F.2d 1164, 1168 (6th Cir. 1978); Hudson v. Blackburn, 601 F.2d 785 (5th  
25 Cir. 1979), cert. denied, 444 U.S. 1086 (1980).

26 18. Statements Relevant to the Defense. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests disclosure of any  
27 statement that may be "relevant to any possible defense or contention" that he might assert. United  
28 States v. Bailleaux, 685 F.2d 1105 (9th Cir. 1982). This includes Grand Jury transcripts which are

1 relevant to the defense motion to dismiss the indictment.

2       19. Jencks Act Material. The defendant requests production in advance of the motion hearing  
3 or trial of all material, including dispatch tapes, which the government must produce pursuant to the  
4 Jencks Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3500 and Fed. R. Crim. P. 26.2. A verbal acknowledgment that “rough”  
5 notes constitute an accurate account of the witness’ interview is sufficient for the report or notes to  
6 qualify as a statement under section 3500(e)(1). Campbell v. United States, 373 U.S. 487, 490-92  
7 (1963); see also United States v. Boshell, 952 F.2d 1101 (9th Cir. 1991) (holding that interview  
8 notes constitutes Jencks material when an agent reviews notes with the subject of the interview); see  
9 also United States v. Riley, 189 F.3d 802, 806-808 (9th Cir. 1999). Advance production will avoid  
10 the possibility of delay of the motion hearing or trial to allow the defendant to investigate the Jencks  
11 material. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests pre-trial disclosure of such statements to avoid unnecessary  
12 recesses and delays and to allow defense counsel to prepare for, and use properly any Jencks  
13 statements during cross-examination.

14       20. Giglio Information. Pursuant to Giglio v. United States, 405 U.S. 150 (1972), the  
15 defense requests all statements and/or promises, expressed or implied, made to any government  
16 witnesses, in exchange for their testimony in this case, and all other information which could  
17 arguably be used for the impeachment of any government witnesses.

18       21. Agreements Between the Government and Witnesses. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests  
19 discovery regarding any express or implicit promise, understanding, offer of immunity, of past,  
20 present, or future compensation, or any other kind of agreement or understanding, including any  
21 implicit understanding relating to criminal or civil income tax, forfeiture or fine liability, between  
22 any prospective government witness and the government (federal, state and/or local). This request  
23 also includes any discussion with a potential witness about or advice concerning any immigration  
24 benefits, any contemplated prosecution, or any possible plea bargain, even if no bargain was made or  
25 the advice not followed.

26       22. Informants and Cooperating Witnesses. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests disclosure of the  
27 names and addresses of all informants or cooperating witnesses used or to be used in this case, and  
28 in particular, disclosure of any informant who was a percipient witness in this case or otherwise

1 participated in the crime charged against the defendant. The government must disclose the  
2 informant's identity and location, as well as disclose the existence of any other percipient witness  
3 unknown or unknowable to the defense. Roviaro v. United States, 353 U.S. 52, 61-62 (1957). The  
4 government must disclose any information derived from informants which exculpates or tends to  
5 exculpate the defendant.

6 23. Bias by Informants or Cooperating Witnesses. The defense requests disclosure of any  
7 information indicating bias on the part of any informant or cooperating witness. Giglio v. United  
8 States, 405 U.S. 150 (1972). Such information would include what, if any, inducements, favors,  
9 payments or threats were made to the witness to secure cooperation with the authorities.

10 24. Personnel Records of Government Officers Involved in the Arrest. Mr. Flores-Bernal  
11 requests all citizen complaints and other related internal affairs documents involving any of the  
12 immigration officers or other law enforcement officers who were involved in the investigation, arrest  
13 and interrogation of Defendant. See Pitchess v. Superior Court, 11 Cal. 3d 531, 539 (1974). Because  
14 of the sensitive nature of these documents, defense counsel will be unable to procure them from any  
15 other source.

16 25. Training of Relevant Law Enforcement Officers. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests copies of all  
17 written, videotaped or otherwise recorded policies or training instructions or manuals issued by all  
18 law enforcement agencies involved in the case (United States Customs Service, Border Patrol, INS,  
19 Department of Homeland Security, etc.) to their employees regarding: (a) the handling of vehicles  
20 suspected to be transporting illegal aliens across the port of entry or within the United States; (b) the  
21 referral to secondary inspection of persons within those vehicles; (c) the detention of individuals  
22 within those vehicles; (d) the search of those vehicles and the occupants of those vehicles; (e) the  
23 informing of suspects of their Constitutional rights; (f) the questioning of suspects and witnesses.  
24 Mr. Flores-Bernal also requests all written or otherwise attainable information regarding the training  
25 of Customs agents at ports of entry in California to detect or discover narcotics in vehicles entering  
26 the United States, including any training offered to Border Patrol, INS, or officers of Homeland  
27 Security Department, by the DEA or other law enforcement agencies or individuals.

28 26. Performance Goals and Policy Awards. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests disclosure of

1 information regarding standards used for measuring, compensating or reprimanding the conduct of  
 2 all law enforcement officers involved in the case (Customs, Border Patrol, INS, etc.) to the extent  
 3 such information relates to the detection of contraband. This request specifically includes  
 4 information concerning performance goals, policy awards, and the standards used by Customs for  
 5 commending, demoting, or promoting agents for their performance at the port of entry and their  
 6 success or failure to detect illegal narcotics in general.

7 27. Residual Request. The defense intends by this discovery motion to invoke his rights to  
 8 discovery to the fullest extent possible under the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and the  
 9 Constitution and laws of the United States. This request specifically includes all subsections of Rule  
 10 16. Mr. Flores-Bernal requests that the government provide him and his attorney with the above  
 11 requested material sufficiently in advance of trial.

### 12 **III.**

#### 13 **MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE FURTHER MOTIONS**

14 Counsel for Mr. Flores-Bernal has received 89 pages of discovery. However, counsel  
 15 believes that there is still discovery outstanding. Therefore, Mr. Flores-Bernal requests leave to file  
 16 further motions as may be necessary upon receipt and review of additional discovery.

### 17 **IV.**

#### 18 **MOTION FOR JOINDER IN MOTIONS OF CODEFENDANT**

19 To date, the codefendant has not filed any motions in this case. However, Mr. Flores-Bernal  
 20 requests that this court all him to join in any and all motions that the codefendant files.

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V.

**CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, Mr. Flores-Bernal respectfully requests that the Court grant the above motion.

Date: July 7, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

/s Jack J. Boltax  
JACK J. BOLTAX  
Attorney for Defendant  
ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL

**JACK J. BOLTAX**  
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**FAX NO.: (619)-234-9973**  
**EMAIL: jboltaxlaw@gmail.com**

ATTORNEY FOR ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
**(HON. BARRY T. MOSKOWITZ)**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	)	Case No. 08-CR- 1910-BTM
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	PROOF OF SERVICE
	)	
vs.	)	
	)	
ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL,	)	
	)	
Defendant.	)	
_____	)	

IT IS HEREBY CERTIFIED THAT:

I, Jack J. Boltax, am a citizen of the United States, and I am at least eighteen years of age. My business address is 1202 Kettner Blvd., Suite 6200, San Diego, California 92101. I am not a party to the above-entitled action.

I hereby certify that I have served:

- 1) Notice of Motion and Motions to: 1) Compel Discovery/Preserve Evidence; 2) Joinder with Motions of Codefendants; 3) Grant Leave to File Further Motions.
- 2) Statement of Facts and Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Motion.

to the following CM/ECF participants in this case:

Paul Starita, paul.starita@usdoj.gov;  
Carolyn Oliver, coliver1@san.rr.com.

1 There are no non-ECF participants on this case to be notified by United States Parcel Service.

2 I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

3 Date: July 7, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

4  
5 /s Jack J. Boltax  
JACK J. BOLTAX  
6 Attorney for Defendant  
ROSENDO FLORES-BERNAL  
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